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MEETING SUMMARY

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Neeraj Agarwal, MD

Professor of Medicine,

Huntsman Cancer Institute (HCI) Presidential Endowed Chair of Cancer Research

Co-leader, HCI Experimental Therapeutics Program (CCSG Program)

Director, GU Medical Oncology

Huntsman Cancer Institute, University of Utah (NCI-CCC), Salt Lake City, UT

KIDNEY CANCER UPDATE

DISCLAIMER



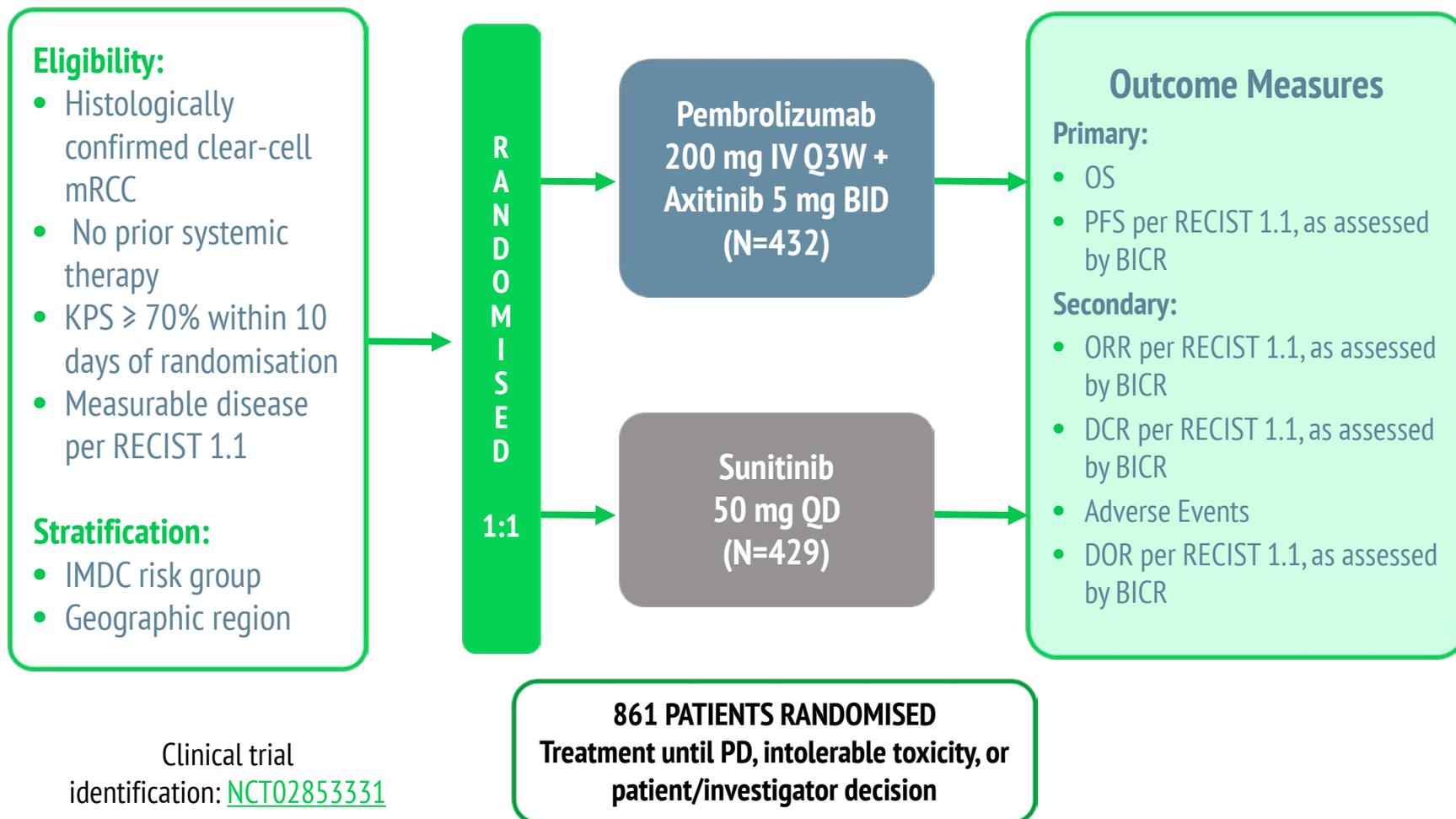
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**PEMBROLIZUMAB PLUS AXITINIB VERSUS
SUNITINIB AS 1ST-LINE THERAPY FOR
LOCALLY ADVANCED OR mRCC: PHASE III
KEYNOTE-426 STUDY**

Powles T, et al. Abstract #543

KEYNOTE-426: STUDY DESIGN



BICR, blinded independent central review; BID, twice-a-day; DCR, disease control rate; DOR, duration of response; IMDC, international metastatic renal cell carcinoma database consortium; KPS, karnofsky performance status; mRCC, metastatic renal cell carcinoma; ORR, objective response rate; OS, overall survival; PD, peritoneal dialysis; PFS, progression free survival; Q3W, every three weeks; QD, once-a-day; RECIST, response evaluation criteria in solid tumours.

KEYNOTE-426: FIRST INTERIM ANALYSIS

	Pembrolizumab + Axitinib (N=432)	Sunitinib (N=429)
Overall Survival, % (12 months)	89.9	78.3
Benefit vs. Sunitinib Hazards ratio (95% CI) <i>P</i> value	0.53 (0.38 – 0.74) <0.0001	
Median Progression Free Survival (Months)	15.1	11.1
Benefit vs. Sunitinib Hazards ratio (95% CI) <i>P</i> value	0.69 (0.57 – 0.84) =0.0001	
Objective Response Rate	59.3	35.7
<i>P</i> value	<0.0001	
Median duration of response (Months)	Not reached	15.2

Grade 3-5 toxicities were similar for both drugs.

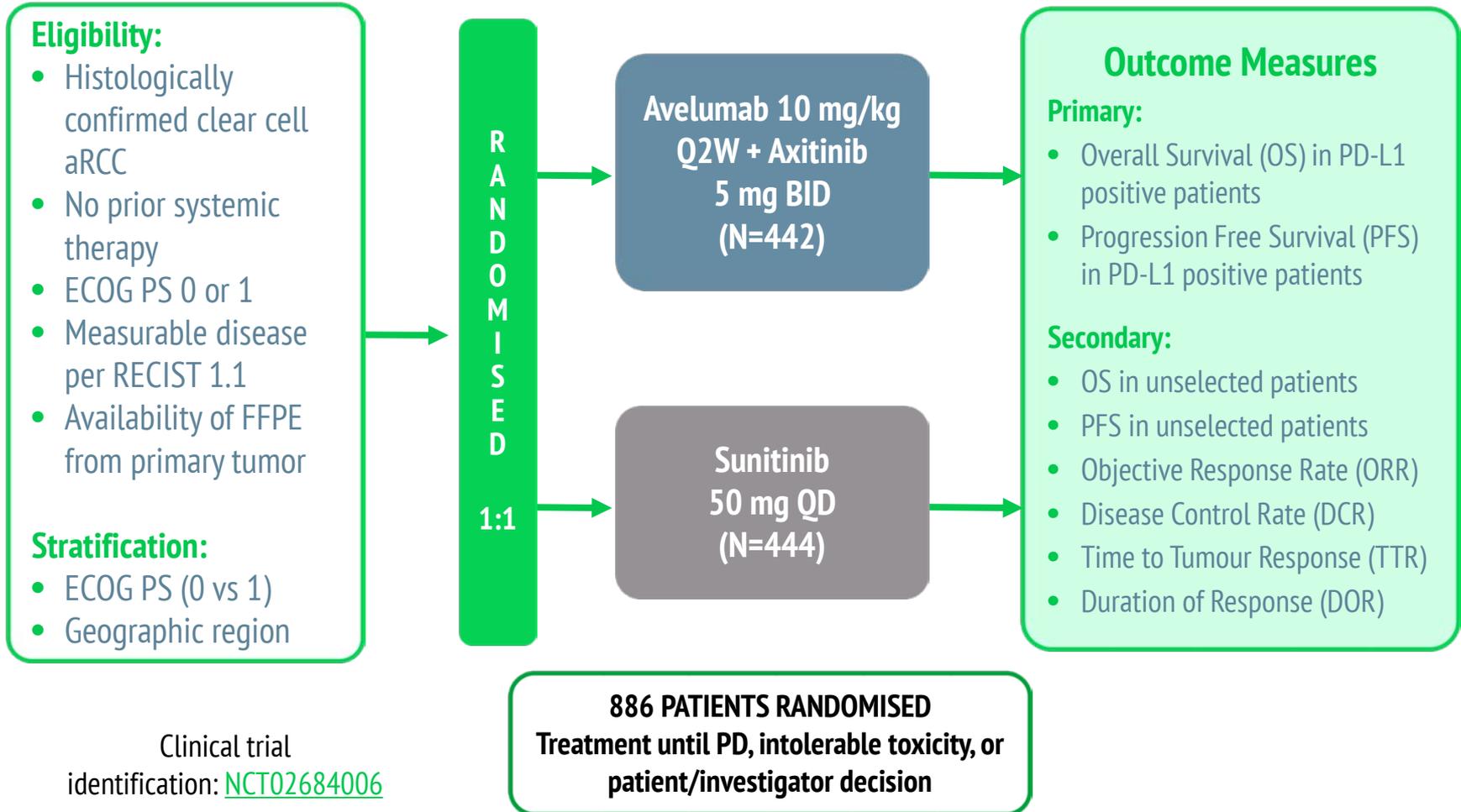
KEYNOTE-426: CONCLUSIONS

- Pembrolizumab + Axitinib provided **superior OS, PFS, and ORR** compared to Sunitinib
- **Manageable safety** in patients with previously untreated, advanced, or metastatic ccRCC
- Pembrolizumab + Axitinib **benefit was observed in all subgroups** tested (includes all IMDC risk and PD-L1 expression subgroups)
- **Pembrolizumab + Axitinib can be considered as one of the standard of care options** in this patient demographic

SUBGROUP ANALYSIS FROM JAVELIN RENAL 101: OUTCOMES FOR AVELUMAB PLUS AXITINIB VERSUS SUNITINIB IN aRCC

Choueiri TK, et al. Abstract #544

JAVELIN 101: STUDY DESIGN



JAVELIN 101: RESULTS

	PD-L1+ group (N=560)		Overall population (=886)	
	Avelumab + Axitinib (N=270)	Sunitinib (N=290)	Avelumab + Axitinib (N=442)	Sunitinib (N=444)
PFS per IRC*				
Median, months	13.8	7.2	13.8	8.4
95% CI	11.1 – NE	5.7 – 9.7	11.1 – NE	6.9 – 11.1
Benefit vs sunitinib (HR; P value)	0.61; $P < 0.0001$	–	0.69; $P < 0.0001$	–
ORR per IRC, %				
95% CI	49.0 – 61.2	20.6 – 30.9	46.6 – 56.1	21.7 – 30.0
PFS per investigator assessment				
Median, months	13.3	8.2	12.5	8.4
95% CI	9.8 – NE	6.9 – 8.5	11.1 – 15.2	8.2 – 9.7
Benefit vs sunitinib (HR; P value)	0.51; $P < 0.0001$	–	0.64; $P < 0.0001$	–
ORR per investigator assessment, %				
95% CI	55.8 – 67.7	24.5 – 35.3	51.1 – 60.6	25.9 – 34.7

Median follow up was 12.0 months (avelumab +axitinib) vs 11.5 months (sunitinib)

* PFS benefit per IRC was observed in patients regardless of PD-L1 status and in all prognostic risk groups. Grade 3–4 toxicities were similar for both drugs.

CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; IRC, independent review committee; NE, non-estimable; ORR, objective response rate; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; PFS, progression free survival

Choueiri TK, et al. Presented at ASCO GU 2019, Abstract number 544 ; Motzer RJ, et al. NEJM 2019, DOI:10.1056/NEJMoa1816047

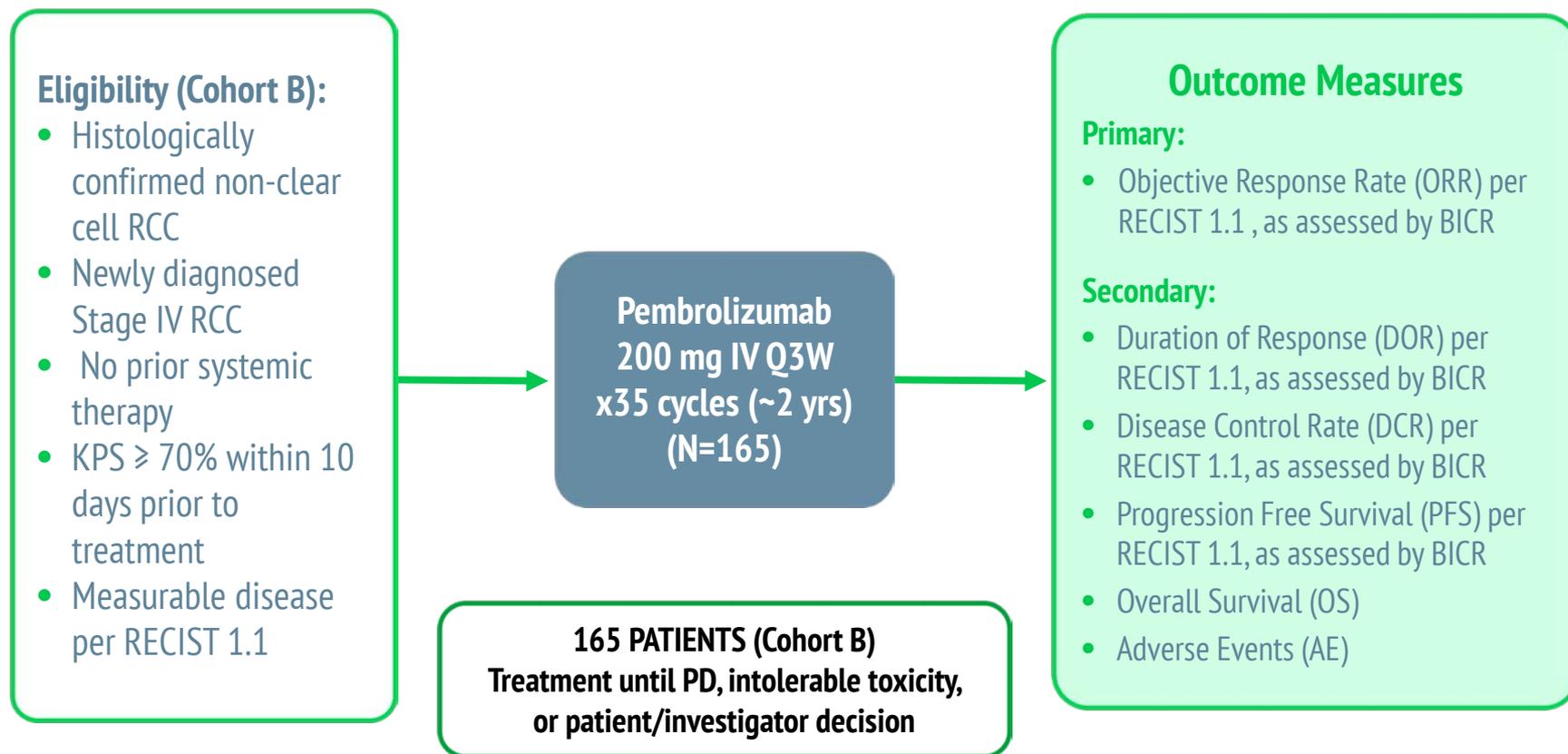
JAVELIN 101: CONCLUSIONS

- Avelumab + Axitinib demonstrated **PFS, and ORR benefit** across all MSKCC and IMDC prognostic risk groups and PD-L1 positive and negative subgroups versus Sunitinib in aRCC

1ST-LINE PEMBROLIZUMAB MONOTHERAPY FOR ADVANCED nccRCC: RESULTS FROM KEYNOTE-427 COHORT B

McDermott DF, et al. Abstract #546

KEYNOTE-427: STUDY DESIGN



Clinical trial
identification: [NCT02853344](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/study/NCT02853344)

KEYNOTE-427: PATIENT DEMOGRAPHICS

Patient Demographics	N=165
aRCC Classification	N (%)
Papillary	118 (72%)
Chromophobe	21 (13%)
Unclassified	26 (16%)
IMDC Risk Group	
Favorable	32%
Intermediate/Poor	68%
PD-L1	
Negative	38%
Positive	62%

KEYNOTE-427: RESULTS

	Pembrolizumab N=165
Overall Objective Response Rate, % (95% CI)	24.8% (18.5 – 32.2)
Complete Response, N (%)	8 (4.8%)
Partial Response, N (%)	33 (20%)
ORR by nccRCC subtype (95% CI)	
Papillary	25.4% (17.9 – 34.3)
Chromophobe	9.5% (1.2 – 30.4)
Unclassified	34.6% (17.2 – 55.7)
ORR by IMDC Risk Group (95% CI)	
Favorable	28.3% (16.8 – 42.3)
Intermediate/Poor	23.2% (15.8 – 32.1)
ORR by PD-L1+ [CPS\geq1] (95% CI)	
CPS \geq 1	33.3% (24.3 – 43.4)
CPS<1	10.3% (3.9 – 21.2)
Median duration of response (Months)	Not Reached

aRCC, advanced renal cell carcinoma; CI, confidence interval; CPS, combined positive score; IMDC, International Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Database Consortium; nccRCC, non-clear cell renal cell carcinoma; ORR, objective response rate; PD-L1, programme death-ligand 1

McDermott DF, et al. Presented at ASCO GU 2019, Abstract number 546

KEYNOTE-427: CONCLUSIONS

- Single agent Pembrolizumab showed **encouraging activity in nccRCC**, especially in papillary or unclassified histologies
- Safety was as expected

THANK YOU!

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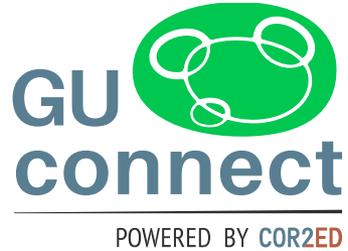
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Email
elaine.wills@cor2ed.com



GU CONNECT
Bodenackerstrasse 17
4103 Bottmingen
SWITZERLAND

Dr. Antoine Lacombe
Pharm D, MBA
Phone: +41 79 529 42 79
antoine.lacombe@cor2ed.com

Dr. Froukje Sosef
MD
Phone: +31 6 2324 3636
froukje.sosef@cor2ed.com

